

# SAVE UP TO 25%

Conforms to HCS 2012 - United States

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET



### **Engine Fogging Oil**

### **Section 1. Identification**

**Date** : 06/15/2016

Version 2

**GHS** product identifier : Engine Fogging Oil

Code : FOGSC **Product type** : Aerosol.

**Identified uses** 

Rust Preventative Fluid.

: AMSOIL INC. Supplier's details

One AMSOIL Center Superior, WI 54880 Tel: +1 715-392-7101

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC: Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300

Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted)

(24/7)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous

system (CNS)) - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**GHS** label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous

system (CNS))

**Precautionary statements** 

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**Prevention** 

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of

: Mixture

: Not available.

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : FOGSC

**United States** 

identification

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-47-8)	≥50 - ≤75	64742-47-8
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-88-7)	≥10 - ≤25	64742-88-7
2-Butoxyethanol	≥3 - ≤5	111-76-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

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**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: None known.

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Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-47-8)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-88-7)	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
•	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

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#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-

shields.

**Skin protection** 

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. [Aerosol.]

Color : Not available.
Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.Melting point / Pour point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

**Evaporation rate** : 0.192 (Butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: 0.7% (flammable) limits Upper: 10.6%

Vapor pressure : 13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [room temperature]

**Vapor density** : 1.55 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 0.76

**Solubility** : Not available.

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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

: Not available.

**Viscosity** 

**Aerosol product** 

: Kinematic: <0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt) (40°C)

Type of aerosol : Spray **Heat of combustion** : 5.894 kJ/g

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### <u>Information on toxicological effects</u>

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit	450 ppm 220 mg/kg 250 mg/kg	4 hours - -

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg 100 mg 500 mg	- - -

### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

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#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-47-8)	-	- 0		A3	-	-
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-	A3	-	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-88-7)	Category 1	Not determined	central nervous system (CNS)

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
, , ,	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

**Potential delayed effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

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Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential delayed effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal Inhalation (gases)	12500 mg/kg 27500 mg/kg 112500 ppm

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	4 days 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: There is no data available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)	Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)	Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Remarks Limited quantity	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Emergency schedules (EmS)  F-D, S-U  Remark  Limited quantity	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  Remark  Limited quantity

**AERG** : 126

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Propane

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Fire hazard

Sudden release of pressure Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure		Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-47-8)	≥50 - ≤75	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-88-7)	≥10 - ≤25	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
2-Butoxyethanol	≥3 - ≤5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≥3 - ≤5
Supplier notification	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≥3 - ≤5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

There is no data available.

**State regulations** 

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Propane; 2-Butoxyethanol

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-63-8); Propane;

2-Butoxyethanol

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Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-47-8);

Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-88-7); Hydrogenated Base Oil (64742-63-8); Propane;

2-Butoxyethanol

California Prop. 65

No products were found.

# **Section 16. Other information**

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

#### **History**

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 06/15/2016 Date of previous issue : 11/15/2014

Version : 2

Prepared by : AMSOIL INC.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.